

F.R.L.

Pneumatic components (F.R.L. unit (modular design))

# **Safety Precautions**

Be sure to read this section before use. Refer to Intro Page 63 for precautions for general pneumatic components.

## Product-specific cautions: F.R.L. unit (modular design)

# **Design/selection**

#### 1. Common

#### WARNING

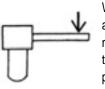
- This product is designed for industrial use. Do not use for medical purposes, or in any equipment or circuit that concerns human life.
- Air filter, lubricator, drain separator plastic bowl, lubricator drip window, and pressure gauge lens. Material is polycarbonate. It cannot be used in environments containing synthetic oil, organic solvents, chemicals, coolant, screw locking agent, leak detection solutions, or hot water, etc., or where these substances may come in contact with the product.

Refer to page 361 for details on plastic bowl chemical resistance.

#### ■ Piping load torque

Avoid applying piping load or torque to the body or pipes.

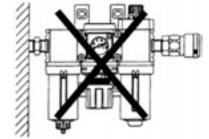
Series	1000-W	2000-W	3000-W	4000-W	6000-W	8000-W
Max. torque N·m	15	15	50	50	100	100



With the 1000-W Series in particular, application of a torque of 30 N·m or more on the piping is "hazardous" as the piping could be damaged. Use the product within the specified torque, even when using the pipe adaptor.

#### Avoid the manner of piping shown below.

Avoid piping fixed with a single support, as this can result in excessive force and lead to damage. With the 1000-W Series in particular, application of a torque of 30 N·m or more on the piping is "hazardous" as the piping could be damaged. Use the product within the specified torque, even when using the pipe adaptor.



Each product has an O-ring groove for modular connection on its OUT side. Select piping that can be sealed at or below the O-ring groove diameter.

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Series	1000-W	2000-W	3000-W	4000-W	6000-W	8000-W	
Groove diameter	ø17.6	ø25.4	ø25.4	ø25.4	ø41.2	ø41.2	

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#### ■ High moisture levels

Install the air dryer and drain separator before the air filter. If there is a lot of moisture from the compressor, hot and highly humid air could shorten the device's life or result in corrosion.

#### ■ Dry air

Rubber parts for the regulator could deteriorate quickly, so use of a fluoro rubber valve assembly is recommended. Contact CKD when required.

- Water-lubricated compressor circuit Take measures to prevent chlorine-based substances from entering the compressed air.
- Use the auto-drain under the working conditions below.
  Failure to observe this could result in operation faults.
  NO auto-drain (exhaust when not pressurized): For "F" and "FF"
  Use a compressor with a capacity of 0.75 kW {90 l/min. [ANR]} or more.
  - Set the working pressure to 0.1 MPa or more. (Air is purged with initial drainage until pressure reaches 0.1 MPa.)
  - NC auto-drain (no exhaust when not pressurized): For "F1" and "FF1" A compressor with a capacity of 0.75 kw or less can also be used.
  - Set the working pressure to 0.15 MPa or more.
  - For 1000 Series NC auto-drain
  - Set the working flow rate to less than or equal to the max. working flow rate.
  - Avoid use of this in places with high vibration, such as where a compressor is installed, because air could leak from the drain outlet when the float vibrates.
  - Avoid drain overflow, which may lead to malfunctions.

## 2. Regulator, filter/regulator

#### A WARNING

- Output pressure exceeding the regulator's set pressure could result in damage or faulty operation of the secondary side devices. Be sure to install a safety device.
- The regulator cannot process residual pressure (release secondary pressure) when the primary pressure is released. Use a regulator with a check valve when residual pressure must be processed.
- When using the regulator for secondary side sealed circuits or balance circuits contact CKD regarding these applications.

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- Pulsation may occur depending on the working conditions or piping conditions.
  - Lower the primary pressure if pulsation occurs. Select the proper size as pulsation can occur easily if the flow rate is extremely small in respect to the max. flow rate.

F.R. F (Filtr) R (Reg) L (Lub) Drain Separ Mech Press SW Res press exh valve SlowStart Anti-bac/Bacremove Filt Film Resist FR Oil-ProhR Med Press FR No Cu/ PTFE FRL Outdrs FRL Adapter Joiner Press Gauge CompFRL LgFRL PrecsR VacF/R Clean FR ElecPneuR AirBoost Speed Ctrl Silncr CheckV other Fit/Tube Nozzle Air Unit PrecsCompn Electro Press SW ContactSW AirSens PresSW Air Flo Sens/Ctrl WaterRtSens TotAirSys (Total Air) TotAirSys (Gamma) Gas generator RefrDry DesicDry HiPolymDry MainFiltr Dischrg etc Ending

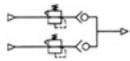
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CKD

#### Product-specific cautions

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- The setting range for the regulator's secondary side pressure should be within 85% of that of the primary side. Otherwise, the pressure drop may increase.
- When using regulators in parallel as below, do not use the OUT side as a closed circuit. If a closed circuit is required, install a check valve on the OUT side of each regulator.



#### 3. Lubricator

#### **WARNING**

Do not use as lubrication for air motor or bearings. Lubrication may not be possible when used very frequently, such as in a press machine.

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If the working air quantity is low for the lubricator, oil may not drip.

Check the min. air quantity required for dripping oil.

#### 4. Pressure switch

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When using a pressure switch PPR or digital pressure sensor PPX, avoid using it together with the lubricator. The switch is not a drip-proof structure, so operation could be disabled if the lubrication oil comes in contact with it.

#### 5. Residual pressure exhaust valve

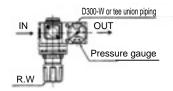
#### A WARNING

- Precautions for the residual pressure exhaust valve
  - The EXH port is dedicated for installation of the silencer. Tighten with a torque of 3 N·m or less (manual tightening). Do not connect pipes where their loads or torque, etc., may be applied to the EXH port.
  - If exhaust operations are incomplete due to air quality, manually discharge air by operating the knob (turn and raise).

#### 6. Pressure gauge

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When using this unit for high volume air blowing, etc., install a pressure gauge as shown below so that the secondary pressure is measured accurately.



#### ■ G45D

- The chemical resistance of the lens is shown below.
- Avoid using products in an atmosphere where chemicals are contained in compressed air or atmosphere, or where they could adhere to parts.
- Use in the above state could lead to lens damage.

#### Chemical resistance of lens

Chemicals	Chem categ	Main products of chemicals	General applications	Lens
Inorganic chemicals	Acids	Hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric acid, chromic acid, etc.	Acid metal wash, acid degreasing soln, coating treatment soln, etc.	×
Organic chemicals	Aromatic hydrocarbons	Benzene, toluene, xylene, ethyl benzene, styrene, etc.	Contained in paint thinner (benzene, toluene, and xylene)	×
	Alcohols	Methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, cyclohexanol, benzyl alcohol	Used as antifreezing agent Leakage detection agent	×
	Phenol	Carbolic acid, cresol, naphthol, etc.	Disinfectant solution	×
	Ketones	Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, cyclohexanone, acetophenone, etc.		×
	Carboxylic acids	Formic acid, acetic acid, butyl acid, acrylic acid, oxalic acid, phthalic acid, etc.	Dyes/oxalic acid for aluminum processing, phthalic acid for paint base and leakage detection agents	×
	Oxyacids	Glycol acid, lactic acid, malic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid		×
	Amines	Methylamine, dimethylamine, ethylamine, aniline, acetanilide, etc.	Additive of brake oil	×
		×: Not av	ailable (Lens wi	ll break.)

# 7. Flame-resistant Series

## A WARNING

The regulator's diaphragm, check valve resin parts (inside aluminum plate), and silencer element are not made of flame-resistant materials. Avoid use where spatter could accumulate.

#### 8. Oil-prohibited Series

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- Check the working circuit and working fluid. Circulating fluids containing solids or non-specified fluids could cause malfunctions. Connect a filter to the product's primary side so that solid matter does not enter.
- Pulsation may occur depending on the usage conditions and piping conditions.
   Lower the primary pressure if pulsation occurs.
   Select the proper size as pulsation can occur easily if the flow rate is extremely small in respect to the max. flow rate.
- Contact CKD if material restrictions apply (copperbased, silicon-based, halogen-based materials not permissible (fluorine, chlorine, oxalic based)). An oxalic-acid-based cleaning agent is used to clean parts in some cases.
- If low-dust generation and cleanliness higher than the oil-prohibited regulator are required, use the clean regulator RC2000 Series.

F.R.L. F.R. F (Filtr) R (Reg) L (Lub) Drain Separ Mech Press SW Res press exh valve SlowStart Anti-bac/Bacremove Filt Film Resist FR Oil-ProhR Med Press FR No Cu/ PTFE FRL Outdrs FRL Adapter Joiner Press Gauge CompFRL LgFRL PrecsR VacF/R Clean FR ElecPneuR AirBoost Speed Ctrl Silncr CheckV/ other Fit/Tube Nozzle Air Unit PrecsCompn Electro Press SW ContactSW AirSens PresSW Cool Air Flo Sens/Ctrl WaterRtSens TotAirSys (Total Air) TotAirSys (Gamma) Gas generator RefrDry DesicDry HiPolymDry MainFiltr Dischrg etc Ending



#### **Design/selection**

#### 

F.R.L. F.R.

F (Filtr)

R (Reg)

L (Lub)

Drain

Separ Mech

Press SW

Res press exh valve

SlowStart Anti-bac/Bac-

remove Filt

Oil-ProhR

Press FR

PTFE FRL

Outdrs FRL

Adapter

Joiner

Press Gauge

CompFRL LgFRL

PrecsR

VacF/R

Clean FR

ElecPneuR

AirBoost

Speed Ctrl

Silncr

CheckV/

Fit/Tube

Nozzle

Air Unit

PrecsCompn

Press SW ContactSW

AirSens

PresSW

Cool

Air Flo

Sens/Ctrl

WaterRtSens

TotAirSys

(Total Air)

TotAirSys

(Gamma) Gas

generator

RefrDry

DesicDry

HiPolymDry

MainFiltr

Dischrg

etc

other

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No Cu/

Film Resist FR Pressure and flow characteristics and relief start pressure may be less than the standard regulator (R3000 Series, etc.).

Depending on use, such as when back pressure rises, the set pressure may increase 0.2 MPa. It is recommended to use a pressure gauge compatible with a set pressure of +0.2 MPa.

- Set the primary pressure to 0.1 MPa or higher than the set pressure. Pressure adjustment faults or leaks from the relief valve could result depending on use.
- When used in applications where the primary pressure is 0.7 MPa or more, keep the difference in primary and set pressure within 0.4 MPa.

Pulsation could occur if the difference in pressures is large or if secondary piping is large. If so, lower primary side pressure or restrict the secondary line. If pulsation continues, contact CKD. When the primary pressure is released, the secondary pressure flows to the primary side. If a problem occurs in another device due to the inflow of secondaryside fluid to the primary side, provide a circuit to retain the pressure. When the product is left with the primary pressure released for long periods, return the set pressure to 0. Pulsation could occur if the bottom rubber is deformed.

#### Outdoor Series

## **WARNING**

- This product has outdoor specifications, but should not be used in the following environments.
  - · When the ambient temperature and product temperature exceed the range of -10 to 60 °C. (The product temperature is at risk of exceeding the ambient temperature when exposed to direct sunlight.) · Where air freezes.
  - · In atmospheres containing corrosive gases, liquids and chemicals.
  - · Locations with vibration or impact.

#### Mounting, installation and adjustment

#### 1. Common

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- Avoid installing this product where it is subject to direct ultraviolet.
- Flush and clean the pipes. Dirt or foreign matter remaining in the piping will deteriorate product performance.
- Make sure that no foreign matter enters the pipes when connecting the pipes and fittings. When screwing in piping or fittings, check that swarf from port threads or sealant does not get inside. Dirt or foreign matter remaining in the piping will deteriorate product performance.
- To use F.R.L. correctly

CKD

- 1. Set the regulator pressure setting upward. After setting the pressure, lock the handle. Check the primary pressure carefully before setting pressure.
- 2. Confirm the direction of the arrow indicating the air inlet before connecting. A reverse connection could result in improper operation.
- 3. Install the air filter and the lubricator case downward vertically. Drainage may be defective or drip check may become impossible.
- 4. Use of the auto-drain where vibration is present could cause faults and malfunctions.

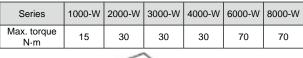
Drain piping of the auto-drain should be piped under the following conditions.

Otherwise, malfunctions may result.

Use an inner diameter of ø5.7 or more and piping of 5 m or more for the drain discharge section. Do not route it vertically. Pipe so that no lateral load is applied on the bowl. When you tighten a fitting into an Rc1/4 female thread, hold the hexagon part of the cock.

# Piping screw-in torque

Make sure that excessive torque is not applied on the body and piping when piping.





#### Drain piping

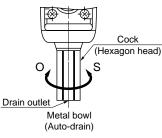
The drain piping for the plastic bowl has a barbed nipple, and can be directly installed. However, confirm that the drain cock is closed before inserting the tube. Pipe so that no lateral load is applied on the bowl. Do not fix the tube connected to the drain outlet with a lateral load applied. If drainage is performed with a lateral load applied, external leakage may occur. Contact CKD when attaching a separate valve to the tube tip that is inserted to the drain outlet to control drainage.

#### ■ Tightening torque of drain cock

- The maximum tightening torque of the drain cock of the bowl is as follows.
  - · 1000 Series: 0.1 N·m
  - · Others: 0.5 N·m

Ending

 Drain piping of metal bowl with auto-drain
 When you tighten a fitting into the drain outlet female thread, hold the hexagon part of the cock. When using the metal bowl with auto-drain, if the drain is piped with a tightening fitting, manual operation is not possible.



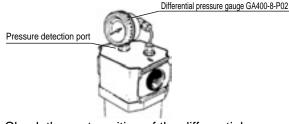
Piping units with pressure detection port

For M8000----W-Q/MX8000----W-Q A pressure detection port is available as an option for F6000-W, M6000-W, MX6000-W, F8000-W,

M8000-W, and MX8000-W.

The life of the filter element or oil mist filter mantle assembly is visually checked by assembling the differential pressure gauge GA400-8-P02 into the pressure detection port.

When selecting option Q and X1 simultaneously for F6000-W and M6000-W and mounting differential pressure gauge GA400, raise the gauge with piping material so that it does not interfere.



Check the port position of the differential pressure gauge, the high pressure side, and low pressure side, and mount properly.

#### 2. Regulator, filter/regulator

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#### Regulator, filter/regulator

- Lightly tighten (0.6 N·m or less) mounting screws for embedded pressure gauge G401-OP, G401, and gauge plug.
- When installing the pressure gauge with a safety mark on the gauge plug, or when installing a general screw-in pressure gauge, tighten with a torque of 10 to 15 N·m or less.
- Do not move or swing the product by the adjustment knob on the regulator.
- Check that pressure exceeding the pressure gauge's full scale is not applied. The pressure gauge could be damaged. (Pay special attention when using the full scale 0.2 or 0.4 MPa pressure gauge.)

Product-specific cautions

Panel mount of regulator

When mounting the panel and L type bracket, the knob must be removed.

(The knob does not need to be removed for the 2000 Series. Panel mount is not available for the 8000 Series.)

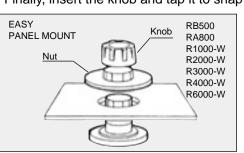
When removing the knob, turn it about 3 times in the H direction, then remove the knob by turning the nut as you would for a jack-up.

Turning the knob in the L direction from the set pressure 0 activates the stopper and the knob does not turn.

If torque is additionally applied in the L direction, the knob may lock and become inoperable.

To keep the knob from locking, be sure to turn the knob in the H direction three times before turning the nut. At this time, do not turn the knob together. Note that the knob may suddenly pop out when jacked up by the nut.

At this point, insert the cover into the panel or L type bracket, and secure it with the nut. Finally, insert the knob and tap it to snap in.

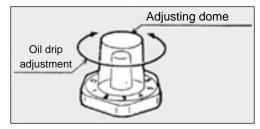


Note: Install the nut before installing the knob. (The nut of R2000-W can be removed without removing the knob.)

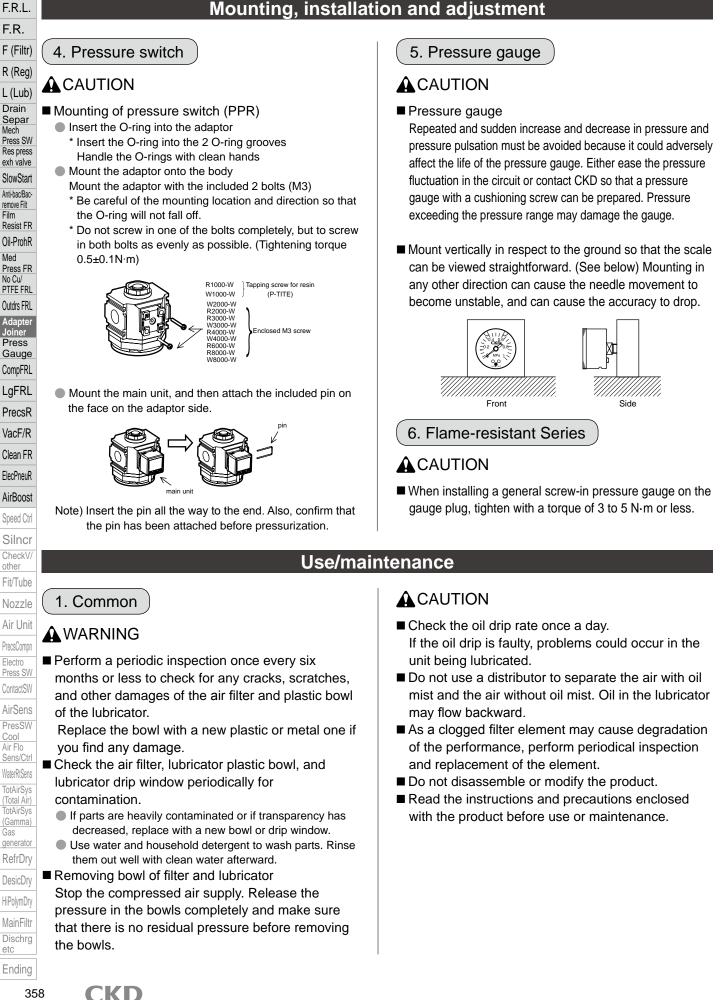
3. Lubricator

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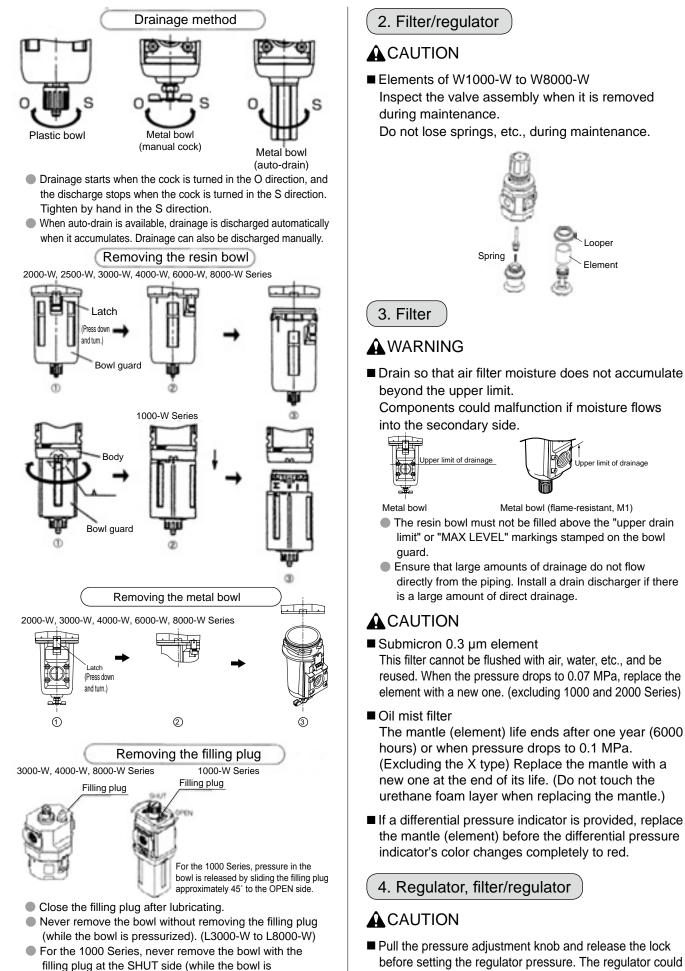
- Adjustment of the lubricator oil drip
  - Adjust the oil rate by turning the adjusting dome with bare hands. For closing, tighten with a torque of 0.5 N·m or less. The numbers (scale) on the dial are a guide used after adjustment, and do not indicate the oil drip rate.



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Product-specific cautions



pressurized). (L1000-W)

F.R.L. F.R. F (Filtr) R (Reg) L (Lub) Drain Separ Mech Press SW Res press exh valve SlowStart Anti-bac/Bacremove Filt Film Resist FR Oil-ProhR Med Press FR No Cu/ PTFE FRL Outdrs FRL Adapter Joiner Press Gauge CompFRL LgFRL PrecsR VacF/R Clean FR ElecPneuR AirBoost Speed Ctrl Silncr CheckV/ other Fit/Tube Nozzle Air Unit PrecsCompn Electro Press SW ContactSW AirSens PresSW Cool Air Flo Sens/Ctrl WaterRtSens TotAirSys (Total Air) TotAirSys (Gamma) Gas generator RefrDry DesicDry HiPolymDry MainFiltr Dischrg etc Ending

be damaged if the pressure is set without unlocking it.

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# Use/maintenance

- Pull the pressure adjustment knob and release the lock before setting the regulator pressure. The regulator could be damaged if the pressure is set without unlocking it.
- Turning the knob in the L direction from set pressure 0 activates the stopper, and the knob will not turn. Note that if torque is forcibly applied in the L direction, the knob may lock and become inoperable.
- Pulsation may occur depending on the usage and piping conditions. If pulsation occurs, the working conditions or piping conditions should be changed, such as by lowering the primary pressure.
- When the regulator is left with the primary pressure released for long periods, return the set pressure to 0. External leakage may occur due to valve sticking.
- The facilities pressure changes from the initial setting due to the working environment and conditions, as well as aging of part materials. Check the pressure regularly, and reset if conditions have changed. Recompressing after discharging the primary pressure from the pressurized setting using the regulator and filter regulator may cause relief leakage.

In this case, stop the supply air pressure, discharge, turn the pressure-adjusting knob in the step-down direction, and then supply the primary pressure. Then readjust the secondary pressure by turning the pressure regulator knob in the step-up direction.

#### 5. Lubricator

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- Use Class 1 turbine oil (no additives) ISO VG32 for the lubricator.
- Other oils could cause breakage or improper operation.
- Removing lubricator filling plug To prevent the filling plug from popping out, loosen the filling plug by one turn, and then completely depressurize the bowl before removing the filling plug.

Wipe away any dirt around the filling plug that could scatter.

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- Periodically replenish oil in the lubricator bowl so that it does not drop below the lower limit.
- When lubricating the L1000-W, pressure in the bowl is released by turning the filling plug. Refer to the section of Warnings Use and maintenance above for details on using the filling plug. (Lubrication is done while pipes are pressurized.)

Check that there is no pressure in the bowl, remove the bowl and bowl guard, and then directly lubricate to the bowl.

Refer to the previous page for details on removing the bowl.

When lubricating the L3000-W to L8000-W, loosen the filling plug slightly to release pressure in the bowl, and then remove the filling plug. Refer to Warnings Use and maintenance on the previous page for details on using the filling plug. (Removing the filling plug enables lubrication to be done while pipes are pressurized.)
 Relubrication can also be done through the filling plug hole. The bowl can also be directly lubricated by removing the bowl and the bowl guard.
 Refer to the previous page for details on removing the bowl. With L8000, oil is supplied to the spacer by lubricating from the filling plug hole.

#### 6. Pressure gauge

- Make sure that impact and vibration are not applied directly to the body.
- Leave a clearance of two scale marks or more between limit markers.
   Attempting to apply force at two scale marks or lower may lead to deformation or damage.

#### 7. Oil-prohibited Series

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- Before conducting maintenance, stop fluid supply and make sure that there is no residual pressure.
- Storage

Do not store this product in a hot, humid atmosphere or atmospheric conditions outside of the specified range for a prolonged period of time. Resin or rubber parts could deteriorate, and the resin bowl could become discolored. Contact CKD when storing products exceeding specifications.

- Release the lock before adjusting the pressure. Forcibly turning a locked pressure adjustment knob could cause damage.
- Adjust pressure in the direction of the pressure increase. The correct pressure cannot be set if pressure is adjusted downward.
- For non-relief, pressure reduction is not possible without consumption on the secondary side.

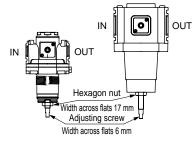
#### 8. Outdoor Series

## **WARNING**

Do not disassemble the cover of the filter/regulator or regulator.

#### **CAUTION**

Except when adjusting the pressure, tighten the hex nut and secure the adjusting screw.(Use without tightening may lead to damage.)



Product-specific cautions

F.R.L.

F.R.

F (Filtr)

R (Reg)

L (Lub)

Drain

Separ

Press SW

Res press

exh valve

SlowStart

Anti-bac/Bac-

remove Filt

Resist FR

Oil-ProhR

Press FR

PTFE FRL **Outdrs FRL** 

Adapter

Joiner

Press Gauge CompFRL

LgFRL

PrecsR

VacF/R

Clean FR

ElecPneuR

Film

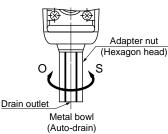
Med

No Cu/

Mech

- Do not apply a load to the product outside the parameters of use. (Do not climb/step onto the product.)
- Using the regulator with the cover facing downward may cause the pressure regulation to fail due to freezing. Be especially careful in low-temperature environments.
- The set pressure changes from the initial set point due to the working environment and conditions, as well as aging of part materials. Check the pressure regularly, and reset if conditions have changed.
- Perform regular maintenance every six months to one year.
- Consumable parts (metal bowl assembly, valve assembly, bottom spring, element, mantle assembly and O-ring) must be replaced every other year. Contact a CKD sales representative for details regarding consumable parts.
- When the set pressure is high, the operating force for rotating the adjusting screw (knob) will increase.
- Use only compressed air. Air containing corrosive gases, fluids or chemicals could result in improper pressure adjustment due to body damage or rubber deterioration.

- This product guarantees outdoor use, but not corrosion resistance (no rust or discoloration).
- Turning the knob in the L direction from set pressure 0 activates the stopper, and the knob will not turn. Note that if torque is forcibly applied in the L direction, the knob may lock and become inoperable.
- Fix the hex side of the adapter nut before screwing the fitting, etc., into the drain outlet of the metal bowl with auto-
- drain. If the the hex side of the adapter nut is not fixed, the product may break due to excessive screw-in of the adapter nut. When using the metal bowl with autodrain, if the drain is piped with a tightening fitting, manual operation is not possible.



Piston drain uses automatic discharge for intermittent flow. Drainage is not discharged under working conditions where air flows constantly.

#### Chemical resistance of plastic

# A WARNING

- The chemical resistance of plastic parts is shown below.
- Avoid using products where the compressed air or atmosphere contains chemicals, or where they could adhere to parts.
- Use in the above state could lead to bowl damage and accidents.
- Avoid using with these types of chemicals or in an atmosphere containing these chemicals.
- A metal bowl is available if these chemicals must be used.

hemica	al resistan		an atmosphere containing the following ch esting solutions, sealants and adhesives c		ollowing	chemicals.	AirBoost
Types of chemicals	Categories of chemicals	Main products of chemicals	General applications	Polycarbonate bowl	Nylon Bowl	Nylon Body	Speed Ctrl Silncr
	Acids	Hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric acid, chromic acid, etc.	Acid washing of metals, acidic degreasing / coating treatment solutions, etc.	×	×	×	CheckV
Inorganic chemicals	Alkalines	Caustic soda, caustic potash, calcium hydroxide, aqueous ammonia, alkalis such as sodium carbonate	Alkaline degreasing solution for metals Soluble coolant, leakage detection agent	×	0	Body    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×    ○    ×	other Fit/Tube
	Inorganic salts	Sodium sulfide, sodium nitrate, potassium bichromate, sulfate of soda, etc.		×	0		Nozzle
	Aromatic hydrocarbons	Benzene, toluene, xylene, ethyl benzene, styrene, etc.	Contained in paint thinner (benzene, toluene, and xylene)	×	0    0      X    X      0    0      0    0      0    0      X    X      X    X      X    X      X    X      0    0      X    X      X    X      X    X      X    X      X    X      X    X      X    X      X    X	Air Uni	
	Chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons	hloric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric acid, chromic acid, etc.    Acid washing of metals, acidic degreasing / coaling t      hloric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphoric acid, chromic acid, etc.    Alkaline degreasing solution for Soluble coolant, leakage detection      m sulfide, sodium nitrate, potassium bichromate, sulfate of soda, etc.    Contained in paint thinner (benz and xylene)      the chloride, ethylene, ethyl benzene, styrene, etc.    Contained in paint thinner (benz and xylene)      the chloride, ethylene, etholene, carbon tetrachloride    Organic solvent-based washing metals (trichlene, perchlene, car tetrachloride, etc.)      the naphtha, gasoline, kerosene    Used as antifreezing agent Leakage detection agent      tic acid, cresol, naphthol, etc.    Disinfectant solution      the ther, methyl ether, ethyl ether    Additive of brake oil      ne, methyl ethyl acid, acrylic acid, oxalic acid, phthalic acid, acetic acid, butyl acid, acrylic acid, oxalic acid, phthalic act.    Dyes; oxalic acid for aluminum p phthalate (DMP)/diethyl phthalate (DEP)/ / al phthalate (DBP), dioctyl phthalate (DEP)/      tacid, lactic acid, malic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid    Lubricant, synthetic oil, rust prev additives      tacid, lactic acid, malic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid    Additive of brake oil	Organic solvent-based washing solution for metals (trichlene, perchlene, carbon tetrachloride. etc.)	×	0	0	PrecsCompi Electro
	Chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons	Chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, benzene hexachloride (B/H/C), etc.		×	0	0	Press SW ContactSW
	Petroleum components	Solvent naphtha, gasoline, kerosene		×	0	0	AirSens
	Alcohols	Methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, cyclohexanol, benzyl alcohol		×	×	×	PresSW
	Phenol	Carbolic acid, cresol, naphthol, etc.	Disinfectant solution	×	×	×	Air Flo
	Ethers	Methyl ether, methyl ethyl ether, ethyl ether	Additive of brake oil	×	0	0	Sens/Ctr
Organic	Ketones	Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, cyclohexanone, acetophenone, etc.		×	×	×	WaterRtSer
chemicals	Carboxylic acids	Formic acid, acetic acid, butyl acid, acrylic acid, oxalic acid, phthalic acid, etc.	Dyes; oxalic acid for aluminum processing; phthalic acid for paint base Used as leakage detection agent	×	×	×	TotAirSy: (Total Air TotAirSy: (Gamma
		Dimethyl phthalate (DMP)/diethyl phthalate (DEP)/ Dibutyl phthalate (DBP), dioctyl phthalate (DOP)	Lubricant, synthetic oil, rust preventing agent additives Used as plasticizer for synthetic resin	×	0	0	Gas generato RefrDrv
	Oxyacids	Glycol acid, lactic acid, malic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid		×	×	×	
	Nitro compounds	Nitromethane, nitroethane, nitroethylene, nitrobenzene, etc.		×	0	0	DesicDr HiPolymDr
-	Amines	Methylamine, dimethylamine, ethylamine, aniline, acetanilide, etc.	Additive of brake oil	×	×	×	MainFilt
	Nitriles	Acetonitrile, acrylonitrile, benzonitrile, acetoisonitrile, etc.	Raw material for nitrile rubber	×	0	0	Dischro etc

O: Resistant, X: Non-resistant (plastic will become damaged.)

